History of Simplicity

Using Strategy to Simplify your Design

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Clinton Bolinger

- Lead Robot Mentor and Field Coach for Team 2337
- President and Founder of The Robot Space
- Bachelors of Science in Mechanical Engineering from Kettering University
- Involvement in Robotics:
 - 1 year as a High School Student
 - 13+ Years as a Mentor

Strategy Dictates Design Method

Why developing a Strategy before creating a Design is beneficial

Always decide WHAT a Robot is going to do before determining HOW to do it:

- 1. Evaluate your Team's resources:
 - Time
 - Money
 - Man-Power
- 2. Realistically identify your Team's capabilities:
 - Knowledge and Skills of Team Members
 - Machining and Fabrication
 - Create vs. Purchase Return on Investment

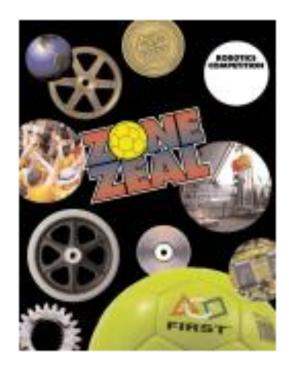
Simple ≠ Ineffective

Simplicity is an art that is often difficult to master.

- 1. Simple Robots achieve the objective with the least amount of resources,
- 2. Simplicity does not mean creating a robot that does not perform the task,
- 3. Simple designs spend less effort to create
- 4. Gives Teams the opportunity to "perfect" their design, and more practice time
- 5. Some of the most prestigious Teams have used simple robots
- 6. Simple strategy ≠ simple design

2002 – Zone Zeal





Winning Simple Strategy:

"The Balls Don't Matter!"

2003 – Stack Attack

Game Pieces – Plastic Totes Field Elements – Scoring Zones



Winning Simple Strategy:

"Knock 'em Down!"

2007 – Rack N' Roll

Game Pieces – Inflatable Circular Tubes Field Elements – Scoring Rack



Winning Simple Strategy:

"Ramp Bots"

2008 - Overdrive

Game Pieces – Track Balls Field Elements – Overpass

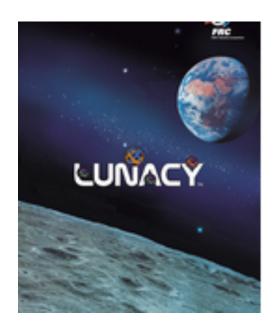


Winning Simple Strategy:

"Lap Bots"

2009 - Lunacy

Game Pieces – Moon Rocks, Super Cells and Empty Cells Field Elements – Trailers



Winning Simple Strategy:

"Empty Cell Runners"

2010 - Breakaway

Game Pieces – Soccer Balls Field Elements – Goals, Tower, Bumps and Ball Return



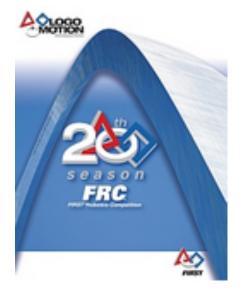
Winning Simple Strategies:

"Diverters"
"Plowie Bots"



2011 – Logo Motion

Game Pieces – Triangle, Circle and Square Tubes Field Elements – Scoring Rack, Mini-Bot Tower



Winning Simple Strategies:

"Who's Our Juggernaut?"

2012 – Rebound Rumble

Game Pieces – Compact Foam Basketballs Field Elements – Hoops and Bridge



Winning Simple Strategies:

"Bridge Bots"
"Feeder Bots"

2013 – Ultimate Ascent

Game Pieces – Frisbees Field Elements – Pyramids and Goals



Winning Simple Strategies:

"Pool Noodle Fortress"

2014 – Aerial Assist

Game Pieces — 24-inch Exercise Balls Field Elements — Truss, Goals and Zones



Winning Simple Strategies:

"The First Assist"
"The Bloop-Bloop"

2015 – Recycle Rush



"Turning FIRST Robotics Competition into FIRST Robotics Exhibition"

"A game that needed to be recycled before it even happened."

#RecycleRecycleRush

2016 – Stronghold

Game Pieces — 10-inch Foam Balls Field Elements — Multiple Defenses / Obstacles



Winning Simple Strategies:

"Breeching Robots"
"Low Goal Cycle Bots"

2017–STEAMworks

Game Pieces – 4-inch Whiffle Balls and Plastic Gears Field Elements – Boiler, Airship and Climbing Ropes



Winning Simple Strategies:

"MUST Climb Every Match"
"Passive Gear Bots"

How to Achieve Simplicity

In order to achieve any level of success – even simplicity:

- Understand the game rules
 - What do the rules say?
 - What don't they say?
- Categorize Game Objectives
 - Scoring
 - Ranking Points
 - De-scoring
- Identify Strategies
 - Offensive vs. Defensive
 - Scoring vs. De-Scoring
 - "Choke Holds"

A Simple Approach: Return on Investment

- *Identify ALL scoring methods*
- Determine finite and unlimited scoring
- Calculate Alliance scoring potential
- YOUR Robot's contribution of Alliance total score
- "One-time" Bonuses

| | Points | Percent of 305 | Alliance Needs | Total Points |
|-------------------|--------|----------------|----------------|--------------|
| Auton Mobility | 5 | 2% | 3 | 15 |
| Auto Gear | 60 | 20% | 1 | 60 |
| Gears - 2nd Rotor | 20 | 7% | 2 | 40 |
| Gears - 3rd Rotor | 10 | 3% | 4 | 40 |
| Climb | 50 | 16% | 3 | 150 |
| | | | Total Points | 305 |

Calculate Points Per Second

Using 2017 KoP Chassis - AM14U3 at standard 10 feet per second

| Action | Seconds |
|----------------------------------|---------|
| Travel Length of Field - 60 feet | 6 |
| Aquire Gear from Load Station | 5 |
| Travel Length of Field - 60 feet | 6 |
| Place Gear on Peg | 8 |
| ONE Gear Score Time | 25 |

Calculated Points Per Second

| | Points | Estimated Time | Points Per Second |
|-------------------|--------|----------------|-------------------|
| Auton Mobility | 5 | 5 | 1 |
| Auto Gear | 60 | 15 | 4 |
| Gears - 2nd Rotor | 20 | 25 | 0.8 |
| Gears - 3rd Rotor | 10 | 25 | 0.4 |
| Gears - 4th Rotor | 6.7 | 25 | 0.3 |
| Climb | 50 | 5 | 10 |

Simplifying Your Design

There are many ways to create a low-cost, simple design:

- 1. Use the Kit of Parts Chassis from AndyMark,
- 1. Purchase COTS (commercial off-the-shelf) Items:
 - VEXpro VersaFrame and Gusset System
 - VEXpro VersaPlanetary
 - RoboPromo Bumper Kit
- 2. Don't "knock" Home Depot materials:
 - PVC
 - Wood
 - Foam Insulation

Steal from the Best...

Design the Rest.

Resources to Check Out:

- 1. Robot in 3 Days
- 2. West Coast Products (WCP) Minimum Competitive Concept (MCC)
- 3. Chief Delphi Forums
- 4. The Blue Alliance (Blog, Team, Events, and CAD Files)
- 5. RoboSports Network (check_in, GameSense, Behind the Lines)
- 6. The Robot Space AndyMark VEXpro
- 7. RoboPromo

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